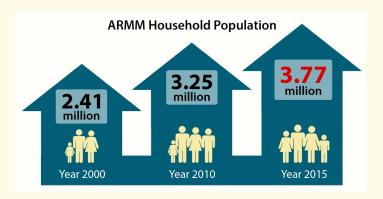


FACT SHEET

March 7, 2017 FS-ARMM-17-004

ARMM RECORDED THE HIGHEST AVERAGE HOUSEHOLD SIZE IN THE COUNTRY

(2015 Census of Population)



The household population of ARMM reached 3,771,249 persons in 2015. This is 522,462 higher than the 3,248,787 household population reported in 2010, and 1,359,090 more than the 2,412,159 household population posted in 2000. The household population comprised 99.7 percent of the total population of ARMM in 2015, while the remaining 0.3 percent is comprised of the institutional population or those residing in collective or institutional living quarters such as hospitals, orphanages, and military camps.

The region registered the highest average household size (AHS) in the country at 6.1 persons in 2015, a slight increase from 6.0 persons in 2010.

Table 1. Total Population, Household Population, Number of Household and Average Household Size (AHS), ARMM: 2000, 2010, 2015

CENSUS YEAR	TOTAL	HOUSEHOLD	NUMBER OF	AHS
	POPULATION	POPULATION	HOUSEHOLD	
2000	2,671,955	2,412,159	393,269	6.1
2010	3,256,140	3,248,787	538,941	6.0
2015	3,781,387	3,771,249	620,385	6.1

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

Among provinces, Maguindanao had the most number of households in 2015 with 1,172,381, followed by Lanao del Sur with 1,038,883. Basilan was lowest with 346,288 households. In terms of average household size, Lanao del Sur posted the highest with 6.5 persons. Both Maguindanao^b and Sulu recorded an AHS of 6.0 persons while Basilan^a and Tawi-Tawi posted the lowest AHS of 5.8 persons.

Table 2. Household Population, Number of Household and AHS in ARMM, by Province: 2015

PROVINCE	HOUSEHOLD	NUMBER OF	AHS	
PROVINCE	POPULATION	HOUSEHOLDS		
Basilan ^a	346,288	59,860	5.8	
Lanao del Sur	1,038,883	160,132	6.5	
Maguindanao ^b	1,172,381	194,507	6.0	
Sulu	823,983	138,357	6.0	
Tawi-Tawi	389,714	67,529	5.8	

Note: a – excluding City of Isabela; b – excluding Cotabato City

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

In 2015, the top five (5) municipalities with the highest recorded AHS came from the province of Lanao del Sur. Municipality of Tagoloan II had the biggest AHS of 7.6 persons, followed by the municipality of Tagaya with 7.5 persons and municipality of Pagayawan (Tatarikan) with 7.2 persons.

Table 3. **Top Five Municipalities with the Highest AHS, ARMM: 2015**

MUNICIPALITY	PROVINCE	HOUSEHOLD POPULATION	NUMBER OF HOUSEHOLDS	AHS
Tagoloan II	Lanao del Sur	11,169	1,478	7.6
Tugaya	Lanao del Sur	23,783	3,160	7.5
Pagayawan ^c	Lanao del Sur	13,139	1,833	7.2
Mulondo	Lanao del Sur	15,986	2,246	7.1
Bubong	Lanao del Sur	22,239	3,158	7.0

Note: c – Pagayawan (Tatarikan) Source: Philippine Statistics Authority

On the other hand, municipality of Upi in Maguindanao recorded the smallest AHS with 4.9 persons in 2015. It was followed by the City of Lamitan in Basilan and municipality of Wao in Lanao del Sur with 5.0 and 5.1 persons, respectively. However, the lowest mark on the region's AHS was still 0.5 higher than the national AHS of 4.4 persons.

Table 4. Top Five Cities/Municipalities with the Least AHS, ARMM: 2015

CITY/	PROVINCE	HOUSEHOLD	NUMBER OF	AHS
MUNICIPALITY	FNOVINCE	POPULATION	HOUSEHOLDS	АПЭ
Upi	Maguindanao	53,548	10,943	4.9
City of Lamitan	Basilan	74,677	15,065	5.0
Wao	Lanao del Sur	45,862	9,037	5.1
Languyan	Tawi-Tawi	33,305	6,367	5.2
South Ubian	Tawi-Tawi	25,935	4,904	5.3

Source: Philippine Statistics Authority



